Establishing a Lawn

Vegetative

Turfgrass Sod Plugs Sprigs and Stolons

Seeded

Seeding Hydroseeding





Making The Right Decision

A properly established and maintained lawn is not only a life-time investment, adding to the value of your property, it also offers a wide variety of environmental, community and economic benefits including:

- Soil Erosion Control
- Storm Water Runoff Reduction
- Ground Water Recharge
- Heat Dissipation
- Noise Abatement
- Disease Prevention
- Organic Pollutant Decomposition
- Soil Restoration
- Reduced Pest and Allergy-Related Problems
- Dust Suppression/Capture
- Glare Reduction
- Air Pollution Control
- Oxygen Production
- Carbon Retention & Storage
- Cooling Effect
- Fire Barrier
- Wild Life Habitat
- Crime Control
- Physical and Mental Health
- Recreation & Social Harmony
- Human Productivity
- Community Pride
- Improved Property Value

Making the wrong decisions when trying to establish your lawn will cost you time, energy, money and natural resources.

Making the right decisions when establishing your lawn will give you a beautiful, usable and enjoyable investment.

What Option For Establishing A Lawn Best Serves Your Needs?

Considerations	Seed	Hydroseeding	Sprigs, Stolons and Plugs	Turfgrass Sod
Best Time To Install	Depends on geographic locareas, possibly Spring or latmended in Winter.		Depending on geographic location warm season turf-grasses should be planted in late Spring to early Summer.	Turfgrass sod can be installed any time of the year if it is available.
Soil Preparation	Same for all types of lawn installation: Deeply till soil, add necessary amendments and fertilizers, grade and level for smooth surface, remove all debris, lightly pack and moisten.			
Water Requirements	Highest water needs. (Bare soil dries quickly.)	Moderate to high water needs. (Mulch will retain some moisture.)	ain immediately after planting and closely monitor each day. Once established (with- light watering for next 2 to 3	
	Water lightly for 3 to 4 week apply 1-inch of water per we		in two weeks) watering can be done less frequently.	weeks. Turfgrass will cover soil and prevent drying.
Seed Quality	Extremely variable because of germination rates, weed and foreign matter content; unknown or unspecified varieties. Generally lower quality seed than used in turfgrass sod production.		Buy fresh plugs and sprigs. Keep vegetative stock moist to prevent it from drying out.	Typically highest available sod quality, certified, elite seed. Seed may be certified to insure specific variety. Mixtures and blends used to best suit area needs.
Weed Control	Multiple applications of pesticides usually required to combat competitive weed growth until turf is established.		Spacing between plants increases invasion of weeds.	Minimal if any pesticide control.
Uniformity of Coverage	Seeding varieties, rates, germination times, wash-out (erosion), traffic, feeding birds and rodents can result in spottiness.		Sprigs and plugs are usually planted 6 to 12 inches apart	99 to 100% uniformity with use of mature turfgrass
		Mulch layer may minimize these issues.	and result in spottiness until sod. plants fill-in.	sod.
Runoff/Erosion	Heavy rains or sloping areas will cause seed, chemicals and soil to wash onto sidewalks and into sewer systems.		Heavy rains and overwater- ing can result in runoff. Monitor to keep plants moist.	Capable of accepting heavy rains without runoff
	Little if any protection for several months.	Mulch should reduce runoff/erosion.	Be careful not to overwater.	or erosion.
Visual Impact	Rough texture and open soil.	Colored mulches act to camouflage appearance of bare soil.	Visible gaps until plants begin to establish and fill-in.	Immediate beauty of a "complete" and mature lawn.
Useability	Low traffic for 2 to 4 months after seeding with faster germinating seed. Normal use only after the first year.		Depending on grass variety, may accept low traffic within two to four months but may take as long as three years to fully establish and fill-in.	Low traffic/use immediately. Normal and high traffic levels within two to three weeks.
Installation Cost	Lowest initial cost	Low to mid level cost	Plugs are more expensive than seeds/sprigs. Sprigging is the least expensive and fastest method of establish- ing a warm-season grass.	High initial cost.
Cost vs. Value	Higher management and maintenance costs, compounded by increased water and pesticide applications. Delay of use, poor uniformity and unappealing look are trade-offs for lower installation costs.		Soil preparation, time, post planting care and keeping plants moist is critical until established. Labor intensive.	Installation costs offset by time, useability, uniformity and visual appeal. Reduced maintenance, pesticide and water costs.

How to Establish Your Lawn

Determining how to establish a beautiful lawn can present several questions, numerous answers and produce a variety of results. The information in this brochure is intended to assist you in obtaining and achieving the quality lawn you desire.

There are basically two options for establishing a lawn depending on your regional location vegetative or seeded.

VEGETATIVE

Vegetative stock includes one of three options; **Turfgrass Sod** which is available in both warm and cool season turfgrasses, and **Plugs**, or **Sprigs** and **Stolons**, most often associated with warmseason turfgrasses.

Turfgrass Sod is a process through which rolls or slabs of turfgrass are placed on prepared soil and capable of rooting within one to two weeks creating an "instant" lawn.

Plugs are small cylindrical or block shaped pieces of grass extracted from a field of turf or cut from strips of turfgrass sod.

Sprigs and Stolons are individual plants or sections of plants containing several nodes from which new plants may grow.

SEEDED

Seeding and/or **Hydroseeding** is a process in which you apply selected turfgrass seed to a prepared soil, allowing it to grow in place to maturity. Most cool-season turfgrasses and select varieties of warm season grasses can be established by seed.



TURFGRASS SOD



PLUGS



SPRIGS & STOLONS



SEEDED



HYDROSEEDING